

Fynamore Primary School KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

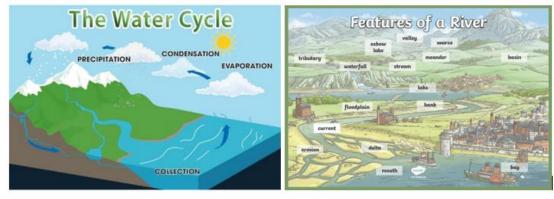
River Deep, Mountain High

Key Vocabulary:

river	a moving body of water
source	the start of a river
mouth	the end of a river where it enters the sea, lake or ocean
water cycle	the path that water follows as it moves around the Earth
flow	the path that water takes along a river
tributaries	a smaller river that flows into a larger river
mountain	a tall area of raised land (higher than 600m)
range	a collection/group of mountains/hills
peak	the highest point of a mountain
summit	the highest point of a mountain a person can reach
altitude	how high something is compared to the ground
continent	a large, solid area of land
equator	an imaginary line around the middle of the Earth
tropic	two imaginary lines that circle the Earth, above and below the equator

Key Knowledge:

- Our local river is the River Marden.
- Rivers have sources, channels, tributaries and mouths.
- Rivers receive water from a wide areas and flows eventually into a lake or the sea. The water flows naturally downwards, sometimes underground and eventually to the sea.
- Mountains are a natural part of the landscape with steep slopes.
- They rise above 300m and have a summit of at least 600m.
- Some mountains are found in groups called a mountain range but some mountains can be on their own.
- Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world 8848m
- The tropics are regions of Earth that lie roughly in the middle of the globe either side of the equator. They are the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.



Ural Asia/Europe

Tian Shan

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Mountain Ranges of the world

Rivers of the world

Do you remember?

Examples of human features:





Examples of physical features:

